







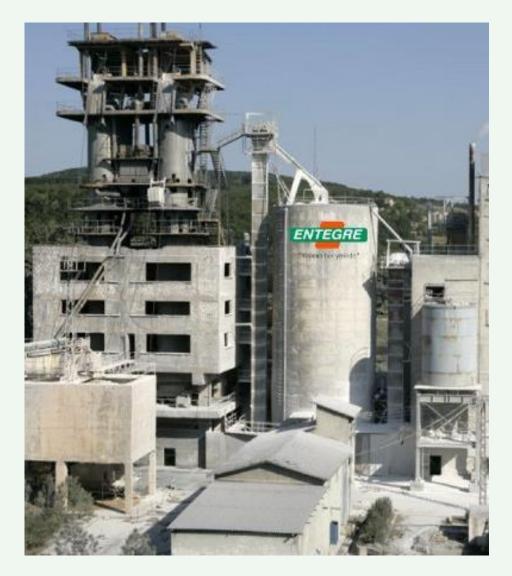
ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS

Environmental Product **Declaration**

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for:

SIVAMATİK

from ENTEGRE HARÇ



PROGRAMME

The International EPD® System www.environdec.com

LOCAL OPERATOR

EPD Turkey

PROGRAMME OPERATOR

EPD International AB & EPD Turkey

EPD REGISTRATION NUMBER

S-P-06344

PUBLICATION DATE

2022-07-27

VALID UNTIL

2027-07-26

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued regitration and publication at: www.environdec.com



www.lcastudio.cz

☐ Yes

Approved by: The International $\mathsf{EPD}^{^{\circ}}$ System

☑ No



Programme Information

| | The International EPD [®] System | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | |
| | 2019:14 Construction products / IVL Swedish Environmental I ISO 14025:2010 and EN 15804+A2:2019. | | | | | | |
| PCR review was conducted by: <name chair="" contact="" program<="" th="" the="" through="" to=""><td>and organisation of the review chair, and information on how mme operator></td></name> | and organisation of the review chair, and information on how mme operator> | | | | | | |
| Independent third-party verification of t | the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006: | | | | | | |
| ☐ EPD process certification ☒ EPD verification | | | | | | | |

Entegre Harç has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable.

Third party verifier: Vladimír Kočí, PhD - LCA Studio Šárecká 5, 16000 Prague 6, Czech Republic

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:





Company Information

Owner of the EPD: Entegre HARÇ A.Ş.

Name and location of production site: Hüseyinli Mah. Beykoz Cad. No: 222/4 Çekmeköy – İstanbul

ENTEGRE HARÇ

Entegre Harç Company, which was founded for the production of industrial lime in İstanbul in 1978 by 18 entrepreneurs, was taken over by Ata Construction Group in 1989. It was converted into Lafarge Group (world leader in the production of building materials) and Ata Holding joint venture in 1995.

Entegre, had undertaken the leadership of machine applied plaster sector in the Turkish market with its innovative structure. With this innovative and pioneering approach, Entegre has a wide range of products that add value to buildings and offer quality and cost-effective solutions in every part of the building.

Entegre's product range consists of Cement Based Plasters, Decorative Plasters, Technical Mortars, Water Proofing Products, Thermal Insulation Products, Tile Adhesives and Joint Fillers, Lime and Aggregate product groups.

Without compromising on quality in its service approach, Entegre has determined the satisfaction of its customers and employees as well as its sensitivity to society and the environment as a priority. Entegre, with its advanced production technology, high capacity, high quality and wide range of products, continues to serve in the sector.

Quality Approach

Quality is the priority of Entegre. As a working principle, it applies the total quality approach at every stage of its work. In this context, qualified people in their fields are assigned at every stage of the organization.

It has the necessary quality and standard documents integrated. These are TSE, TSEK, ISO 9001:2000 and CE documents.













Quality Policy

- Adding value to the buildings with innovative solutions
- To provide solutions that facilitate the lives of consumers in building materials and respond to their needs.
- Creating value for customers; customer-oriented understanding
- To be a company that focuses on sustainable growth, permanent and continues performance development and makes its employees successful.
- To be a responsible company supporting social, urban and cultural relations
- To improve employees' abilities and quality of life
- To work in accordance with national and international laws and standards
- To realize the value creation expected by the shareholders
- To be sensitive to the environment
- To ensure the continuous development of company's quality management system

Product information

Product name: SIVAMATİK

Product description: Cement Based Applied Plaster

For Interior

Geographical scope:

The study generally applies to the actual situation in Turkey. When there is no specific data for Turkey, European data has been preferred to use as the conditions in Europe are similar with Turkey. European data of raw materials, haulage vehicles, diesel used for transportation and waste has been used substitute for Turkey's specific data.



Application Field

• Applied on brick, aerated concrete, concrete, fair faced concrete, pumice concrete, briquette walls and ceiling surfaces of the interior faces of the buildings.











LCA Information

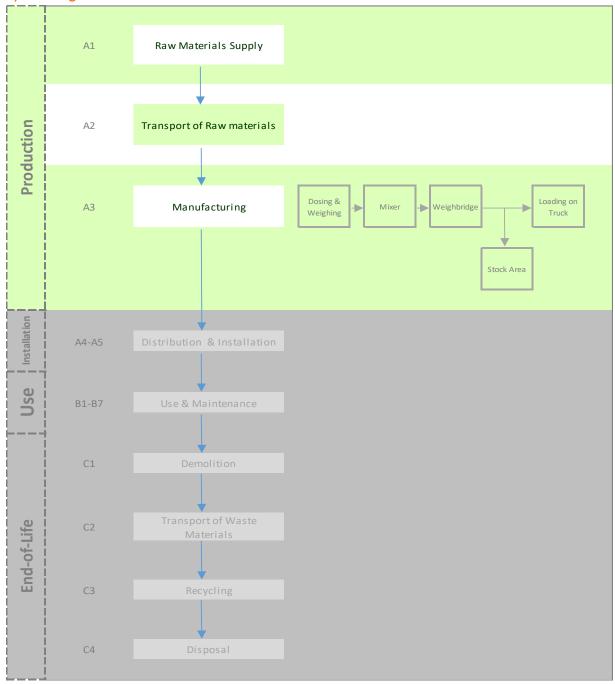
Functional unit / declared unit: 1 kg

Reference service life: Not applicable for this product category.

Time representativeness: Goal of the study is to determine the actual environmental loads for 12 consecutive months, so data for the time period between 01.01.2021 and 31.12.2021 is used.

Database(s) and LCA software used: OpenLCA v1.10 Ecoinvent v3.8

System diagram:







Description of system boundaries: Cradle to gate

Excluded lifecycle stages: Modules A4-A5, Modules B1-B7, Modules C1-C4 and Module D

| | Pr | roductio | on | Instal | lation | | | ι | Jse stag | e | | | End-of-Life | | | Next product system | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| | Raw material supply (extraction, processing, recycled material) | Transport to manufacturer | Manufacturing | Transport to building site | Installation into building | Use / application | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | Deconstruction / demolition | Transport to EoL | Waste processing for reuse, recovery or recycling | Disposal | Reuse, recovery or recycling potential |
| | A1 | A2 | А3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | В7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| | X | Х | Х | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND |
| Specific data used | | | >99% | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variation products | Not relevant | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Variation sites | | N | ot releva | nt | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Period under consideration:

The period under consideration is defined as one year. The monthly data is collected by the producer and is averaged to obtain the yearly data. The specific data for the year 2021 is utilized within this study.

Estimates and Assumptions:

All the estimations and assumptions regarding the cut off criteria and the allocation are declared in that parts. There are no estimations and/or assumptions in the scope of this study.

Cut of Rules:

All inputs and outputs to a (unit) process are included in the calculation, for which data were available. The applied cut off criteria is 1% off renewable and nonrenewable primary energy usage and 1% of the total mass input of that unit process in case of in sufficient input data or data gaps for a unit process.

The total of neglected input flows is a maximum of 5% of energy usage and mass.

Allocation:

The allocation was performed in which the product output fixed to 1 kg and the corresponding amount of product was used in calculations. Average breakdown was done by considering product total weight per year production. According to this, the total energy, water, and raw materials used to produce the product were divided by the total annual production.





Content declaration

Product

| Materials / chemical substances | % by weight |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Perlite | 1-4 |
| Filler | 1-5 |
| Additives | <1 |

Environmental performance

Potential environmental impact

| Parameter | | | | PRODUCT STAGE | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | Unit | Raw Material Supply | Transport to Manufacturer | Manufacturing | TOTAL | | |
| | Fossil | [kg CO2-Eq.] | 8,35E-02 | 2,83E-03 | 1,18E-02 | 9,81E-02 | | |
| Clabal Warming | Biogenic | [kg CO2-Eq.] | 4,02E-03 | 2,06E-05 | 9,65E-07 | 4,04E-03 | | |
| Global Warming Potential (GWP) | Land use and land transformation | [kg CO2-Eq.] | 3,37E-05 | 1,14E-06 | 3,61E-08 | 3,48E-05 | | |
| | Total | [kg CO2-Eq.] | 8,75E-02 | 2,85E-03 | 1,18E-02 | 1,02E-01 | | |
| Ozone Layer Deplet | ion (ODP) | [kg CFC11-Eq.] | 5,49E-09 | 5,23E-10 | 1,40E-11 | 6,03E-09 | | |
| Acidification potent | ial (AP) | [kg SO2-Eq.] | 3,21E-04 | 9,74E-06 | 2,28E-05 | 3,53E-04 | | |
| Acidification potent | ial (AP) | [mol H+ Eq.] | 4,14E-04 | 1,25E-05 | 2,78E-05 | 4,54E-04 | | |
| Eutrophication aquatic freshwater | | | 1,54E-05 | 1,85E-07 | 1,03E-08 | 1,56E-05 | | |
| Eutrophication aquatic marine | • | | 1,16E-04 | 3,72E-06 | 5,96E-06 | 1,26E-04 | | |
| Eutrophication terrestrial | | [molc N-Eq.] | 1,31E-03 | 4,06E-05 | 6,41E-05 | 1,41E-03 | | |
| Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP) | | [kg ethene-Eq.] | 3,36E-04 | 3,86E-07 | 6,19E-07 | 3,37E-04 | | |
| Photochemical ozo | notochemical ozone formation (POCP) | | 1,21E-05 | 1,21E-05 | 1,62E-05 | 4,03E-05 | | |
| Abiotic depletion po (ADPE) | Abiotic depletion potential -Elements (ADPE) | | | | 2,97E-07 | 9,87E-09 | 2,50E-10 | 3,07E-07 |
| Abiotic depletion potential -Fossil Fuels (ADPF) | | [MJ] | 6,45E-01 | 4,22E-02 | 7,17E-02 | 7,59E-01 | | |
| Carbon uptake (CU) | | CO2 eq. | -1,93E-03 | -1,34E-05 | -6,68E-07 | -1,95E-03 | | |
| Freshwater ecotoxic | city (FE) | PAF.m3.day | 3,82E+02 | 9,22E+00 | 2,81E+01 | 4,19E+02 | | |
| Human toxicity, can | cer (HTC) | cases | 3,58E-09 | 1,53E-10 | 1,20E-11 | 3,75E-09 | | |
| Human toxicity, nor | Human toxicity, non-cancer (HTNC) | | toxicity, non-cancer (HTNC) | | 1,24E-08 | 3,64E-10 | 9,23E-11 | 1,28E-08 |





Use of resources

| Parameter | | Unit | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | | | Raw Material Supply | Transport to Manufacturer | Manufacturing | TOTAL |
| Primary energy resources – Renewable | Use as energy carrier | [MJ] | 2,34E-02 | 1,51E-04 | 7,17E-02 | 9,53E-02 |
| | Used as raw materials | [MJ] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| | TOTAL | [MJ] | 2,34E-02 | 1,51E-04 | 7,17E-02 | 9,53E-02 |
| Primary energy | Use as energy carrier | [MJ] | 6,45E-01 | 4,22E-02 | 7,76E-06 | 6,88E-01 |
| resources – Non-renewable | Used as raw materials | [MJ] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| | TOTAL | [MJ] | 6,45E-01 | 4,22E-02 | 7,76E-06 | 6,88E-01 |
| Secondary material | | [kg] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Renewable secondary fuels | | [MJ] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Non-renewable secondary fuels | | [MJ] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Net use of fresh water | | [m³] | 5,26E-02 | 2,06E-04 | 4,99E-04 | 5,33E-02 |

Waste production and output flows

Waste production

| Parameter | Unit | Raw Material Supply | Transport to Manufacturer | Manufacturing | TOTAL | |
|------------------------------|------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------|--|
| Hazardous waste disposed | [kg] | 1,41E-06 | 1,12E-07 | 2,98E-09 | 1,52E-06 | |
| Non-hazardous waste disposed | [kg] | 9,97E-03 | 2,20E-03 | 5,55E-04 | 1,27E-02 | |
| Radioactive waste disposed | [kg] | 3,86E-06 | 2,92E-07 | 7,32E-09 | 4,16E-06 | |

Output flows

| Parameter | Unit | Raw Material Supply | Transport to Manufacturer | Manufacturing | TOTAL | |
|-------------------------------|------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------|--|
| Components for reuse | [kg] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | |
| Material for recycling | [kg] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | |
| Materials for energy recovery | [kg] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | |
| Exported energy, electricity | [kg] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | |
| Exported energy, thermal | [MJ] | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | |





Additional Information

Entegre, which aims to "leave a liveable environmental heritage" for children, has placed its environmental responsibilities at the top of its working culture. Entegre is realizing its projects in order to protect and improve the natural beauties around us. The company, which has planted 15000 saplings so far, shows its sensitivity to the environment in every field.

Entegre is committed to conducting their activities in a consistent manner with the principle of "sustainable development" in compliance with the laws and regulations.

Their main policy is to continuously improve environmental performance, to use energy and natural resources effectively, to recover waste, to minimize harmful air emissions and water discharge, to provide their customers with information on the environmental impact of our products on a regular basis.



Occupational Health and Safety Approach

"Occupational Health and Safety" is one of the cornerstones of the company's working culture. For this purpose, regular trainings are provided by professional trainers and "Occupational Health and Safety" awareness is developed in our employees. With this method, it is aimed to maintain a healty and safe working environment, to prevent occupational risks, to eliminate risk and accident factors.

Health and Safety Policy

Everyone working in Entegre facilities has the right to work in a safe and healthy environment and has the duty to contribute to ensuring these conditions with responsible behaviour. Occupational Health and Safety is one of their basic performance indicators and is their top priority in the continuation of their activities.





References

- Entegre HARÇ A.Ş.; https://www.entegreharc.com.tr/
- "PCR 2019:14 Construction products / IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute" with reference to EN ISO 14025:2010 and EN 15804+A2:2019.
- ISO 14040: 2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework
- ISO 14044: 2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and

Guidelines

- ISO 14020: 2002 Environmental labels and declarations- General principles
- ISO 14025: 2006 Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations -

Principles and procedures • The International EPD® System; www.environdec.com

• The International EPD® System / The General Programme Instructions; http://www.environdec.

com/tr/The-International-EPD-System/General-Programme-Instructions

• openLCA Software, ecoinvent 3.8 database; https://www.openlca.org/openlca





Contact

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Accredited or approved by: The International EPD® System



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